

USES OF THE SUBJUNCTIVE

1. To express the **result** of a situation or action,
 - a. after **ut** or **ut nōn**:
Athēna eōs adeō amābat ut eīs oleam daret.
Athena loved them so much that she gave the olive tree to them.
 - b. in a relative clause:
nēmō tam pauper est quī nōn possit aliīs subvenīre.
Nobody is so poor that he can't help others.
2. To express the **purpose** of an action,
 - a. after **ut** or **ut nōn**:
lyram in terrā dēposuī, ut saltārem.
I put down my lyre on the ground, so that I might dance.
 - b. in a relative clause:
ego amīcum mīsī, quī dōnum deō daret.
I sent a friend to give a gift to the god.
3. To express a **characteristic** of the antecedent in a relative clause:
quī aethera carpere possent crēdidit esse deōs.
Those who could fly through the air, he thought were gods.
4. In **indirect commands**, after **ut** or **nē**:
medica eum monuit nē bracchium movēret.
The doctor warned him not to move his arm.
5. In **indirect questions**:
pater senem rogāvit cūr imāginēs fēcisset.
My father asked the old man why he had made the sculptures.
6. In **subordinate clauses within indirect speech**:
vīsa esse in arduō, quae plāna fuerint, memorant.
They recall that things were seen on high, which had been level ground.
7. **After cum** meaning *when*, *since*, or *because*:
Lūcilius et parentēs tacēbant, cum nūntius advēnisset.
Lucilius and his parents were silent, because the messenger had arrived.



8. After **dum** meaning *until*:
mē diū cēlābam dum fūrēs obdormīrent.
I hid for a long time until the thieves fell asleep.
9. With **verbs of fearing**, after **ut** or **nē**:
Balbus timēbat nē in proeliō vulnerārētur.
Balbus was afraid that he might be wounded in battle.
10. With **verbs of hesitating, doubting**, etc., after **quō minus** (or **quōminus**):
nec apud ducēs Vitelliānōs dubitātum est quō minus pācem concēderent.
Nor did Vitellius' leaders hesitate to accept peace.
11. Independently, with a **hortatory** or **jussive** force:
rūmōrēs senum ūnius assis aestimēmus.
Let's value old men's gossip at a single penny.
12. Independently, to express **potential**:
audīrēs ululātūs fēminārum, infāntum quirītātūs, clāmōrēs virōrum.
You could hear the wailing of women, the cries of babies, the shouts of men.
13. Independently, or after **utinam**, in **wishes** and **polite requests (optative)**:
utinam liceat collō complexa tenēre brāciola.
If only it may be allowed to keep your little arms wrapped around my neck.
14. Independently, in **deliberative questions**:
quid facerēmus?
What were we to do?
15. In **conditional sentences**, to suggest that fulfillment of the condition is unlikely or impossible:
sī pānem ēmissēs, vīnum portāvissem.
If you had bought the bread, I would have brought the wine. (But you didn't.)
16. After **quīn** meaning *from, that, that ... not, who ... not, which ... not* (see p. 210):
nē dubitēs quīn haec animāi turbida sit vīs.
You shouldn't doubt that this is the wild force of the wind.



A fragment from the decorative frame of a fresco from the first century AD.